

INSTRUCTION MANUAL



RADAR LEVEL METERS WITH GUIDED WAVE GRLM-70



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USED SYMBOLS

To ensure maximum safety of control processes, we have defined the following safety instructions and information. Each instruction is labelled with the appropriate pictogram.



Alert, warning, danger

This symbol informs you about particularly important instructions for installation and operation of equipment or dangerous situations that may occur during the installation and operation. Not observing these instructions may cause disturbance, damage or destruction of equipment or may cause injury.



Information

This symbol indicates particularly important characteristics of the device.



Note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

SAFETY



All operations described in this instruction manual have to be carried out by trained personnel or by an accredited person only. Warranty and post warranty service must be exclusively carried out by the manufacturer.

Improper use, installation or set-up of the sensor can lead to crashes in the application.

The manufacturer is not responsible for improper use, loss of work caused by either direct or indirect damage, and for expenses incurred at the time of installation or during the period of use of the level sensors.

1. BASIC DESCRIPTION

The GRLM® radar level meters are compact measuring devices consisting of two main parts – a level meter (housing) and a display module (display). The electronics transmits very short electrical pulses (0.5 ns), which are linked to a one-wire transmission line (measuring electrode). Measuring electrode can be created of rod or rope. The pulse propagates along the electrode in the form of electromagnetic wave toward the level surface, where it is partly reflected and the reflected component is returned to the receiving module of the electronics. The electronics measures the time of flight of electromagnetic wave and the instant distance to the surface level is calculated. Then based on the height of the level, the level meter current output 4 .. 20 mA is set with the HART communications or an industrial RS-485 line with Modbus RTU communications and the measured value is shown on the display.

2. RANGE OF APPLICATION

Radar level meters with guided wave are suited to continuous level mesurement of various liquid, mush and bulk-solid materials. Level meters are resistant against changes in the atmosphere (pressure, temperature, dust, steam) and to changes in medium parameters (change in dielectric constant, conductivity).

3. VARIANTS OF SENSORS

 GRLM-7000 	Without electrode, the electrode is made by customer (only variant 10 or
	30) and connected to the electrode junction by M8 thread.

- GRLM-70_-10 Uncoated stainless steel rod electrode, for level measurement liquids
 and bulk solid materials (water solutions, emulsion, oils, diesel, flour, sand,
 granulates, etc.). Maximum electrode length 8 m.
- GRLM-70_-11 Fully coated stainless steel rod electrode (PFA Teflon®), for level measurement of aggressive liquids and very pure liquids.

 Maximum electrode length 2 m.
- GRLM-70_-12 Fully coated stainless steel rod electrode (FEP Teflon®), for level measurement of aggressive liquids and drinks.

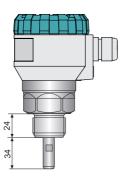
 Maximum electrode length 2 m.
- GRLM-70_-13 Semi-coated stainless steel rod electrode (FEP Teflon®), for level measurement of liquids in area, where it could condense steam on the electrode. Maximum electrode length 8 m.
- GRLM-70_-20 Uncoated stainless steel rod electrode with reference tube, for accurate level measurement of liquids in cramped spaces.

 Maximum electrode length 3 m.
- GRLM-70_-30 Uncoated stainless steel rope electrode and weight, for level measurement of liquids and bulk solid materials (water, grains, sand, flour, cement, etc.) in higher silos, vessels, reservoirs.

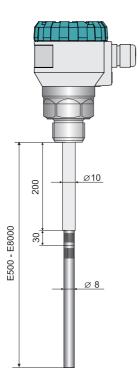
 Maximum electrode length 40 m.
- GRLM-70_-32 Fully coated stainless steel rope electrode (FEP Teflon®) and coated weight (PTFE), for level measurement of aggressive liquids and very pure liquids. Maximum electrode length 12 m
- GRLM-70_-33 Uncoated stainless steel rope electrode with anchorage, for level measurement of bulk solid materials (grains, flour, cement, etc.) in higher silos, vessels. Maximum electrode length 40 m.
- GRLM-70_-34 Coated stainless steel rope electrode (Polyamid) and uncoated weight, for level measurement of liquids and adhesive bulk solids (flour, cement, etc.). Maximum electrode length 40 m.
- GRLM-70_-35 Coated stainless steel rope electrode (Polyamid) with uncoated anchorage, for level measurement of adhesive bulk solids (flour, cement, etc.). Maximum electrode length 40 m.

4. DIMENSIONAL DRAWING

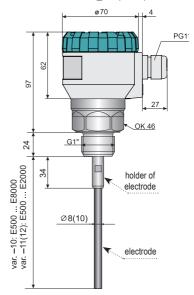
GRLM-70_-00



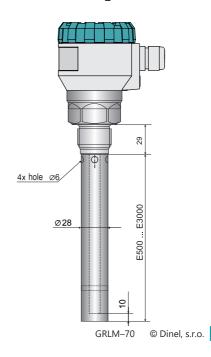
GRLM-70_-13

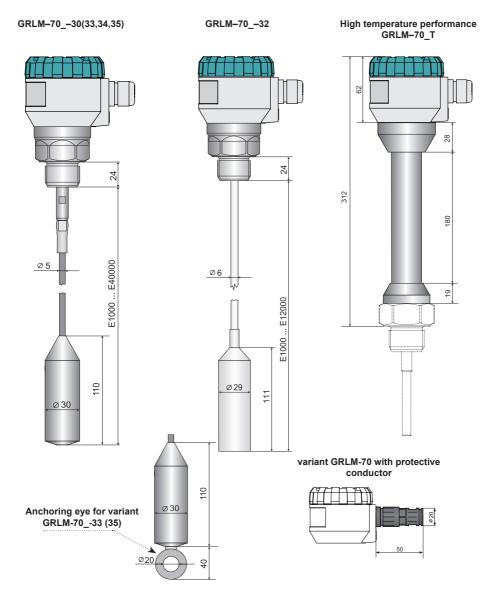


GRLM-70_-10(11,12)



GRLM-70_-20





5. Installation and putting into operation

Please follow next 3 steps:

- Installation instructions
- ELECTRICAL CONNECTION
- SETTINGS

BASIC INFORMATIONS

- Install the level meter into the upper lid of the tank or reservoir using a welding flange or fastering nut.
- The min. distance to install the level meter into a lid or a ceiling of a tank from the tank wall is given in table right.
- Otherwise, the level meter install as far as possible from the walls, to the middle between the wall and the vertical inlet, see Fig. 1. a 2.

.1	1		

all types

tupe of well	d	d	
type of wall	(without ref. tube)	(with ref. tube)	
metal	≥ 300 mm *	any distance	
non-metal	≥ 500 mm *	any distance	

* it is recommended that a smaller distance from a wall is consulted with the manufacturer

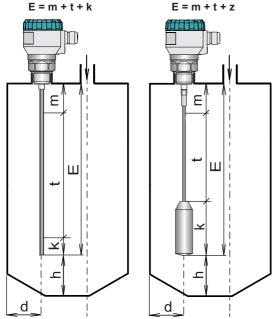


Fig. 1: Level meter installation
with the rod electrode

Fig. 2: Level meter installation with the rope electrode

type of electrode	h
rod	200 mm
rope	100 mm (length of electrode to 10 000 mm) 200 mm (length of electrode over 10 000 mm)

E - The length electrode

t - Maximum measuring range

m - Dead zone on the beginning of electrod

k - Dead zone on the end of electrode or

the lengt of weight (110 mm) at the rope I – The distance from the tank wall (see. Tab. above)

h – The distance from the bottom(see. Tab.

MEASURING RANGE

- This is an area in which the continual measurement of the level is being performed. The maximum measuring range is determined by the length of the measuring electrode with subtraction of the dead zones at the beginning and end of the electrode, see fig. 1 and 2. This range is also the default setting of the level meter. The maximum measuring range can be reduced either automatically when sensitivity is increased, see the table on the second page, or manually by the user by changing the minimum and maximum level in the case of obstacles near of the end or particularly of the beginning of the measuring electrode.
- In the event that the measured level is outside the measuring range, the level meter (for the
 current version I) will go into failure mode and the output current will have a value that is set by
 the user (the default value for failure mode is 4 mA). On Modbus version M, the relevant measurement status bits on register 104 are activated, see the GRLM-70 Modbus RTU commands.

DEAD ZONE

- In connection with the measurement principle, it is not possible to evaluate electromagnetic waves deflected in the area directly below the level meter and also at the end of the electrode (see pic. 3 and 4) These zones determine either the minimum distance between the level meter and the highest possible level (parameter "m"), or the minimum distance at the end of the electrode (parameter "k"). The level meter must be installed so that when the tank is filled to the maximum and minimum possible level, the surface level is not in the dead zones. In the event that the measured level enters the dead zone, i.e. goes beyond the measuring range, the level meter will enter failure mode, see paragraph Measuring range.
- The size of the dead zone is influenced by the set measurement sensitivity. The minimum distance to the medium (dead zones) is provided in the tables below.

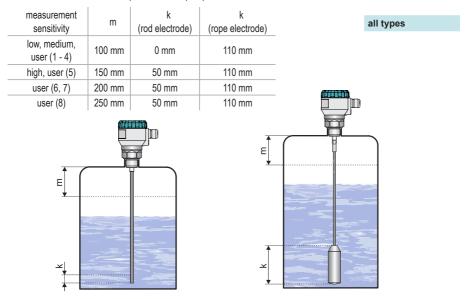


Fig. 3: Level meter dead zone with rod electrode

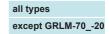
Fig. 4: Level meter dead zone with rope electrode

INPUT NECK

For correct measurement, it is important to avoid installing the level meter in a high input neck or high welding flange. If this is not possible, the level meter may be installed in a **short input neck**, the parameters of which are provided in pic. 5. Here it applies that the neck diameter selected should be as large as possible but the neck height should be as small as possible.



When installing the level meter into an input neck, use the TEACHING procedure (see chapter 9.1. Basic settings). This will put the sensor into a mode that suppresses false reflections.



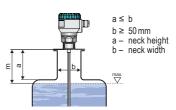


Fig. 5: Level meter installation in the input neck

 The end of the socket or the welding flange must not have an extension into the tank in Fig. 6.

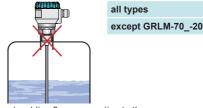


Fig. 6: Incorrect welding flange mounting to the tank

NON-METAL TANK

 To install the level meter in a non-metallic water tank, it is necessary to insert a metal plate with a diameter greater than 200mm in the area of the process connection, see fig. 7. The metal plate must be in contact with the thread stop of the level meter.

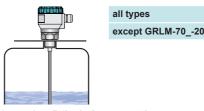


Fig. 7: Level meter installation in the non-metal tank

CONCTRETE SILO

- When installing the level meter into the roof of a concrete silo, the level meter installation hole b
 must be larger than the thickness of the concrete a, see pic. 8.
- In the event that the thickness of the concrete is greater than the diameter of the hole, it is necessary to install the level meter into a countersink, see fig. 9.

 GRLM-70 -30, 32, 33, 34, 35

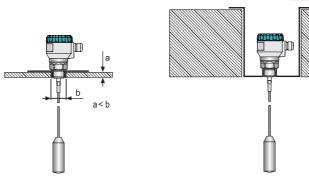


Fig. 8: Level meter installation on the roof of the concrete silo

Fig. 9: Level meter installation on the roof of the concrete silo

LEVEL METER PROTECTION

 The level meter must not be installed in locations exposed to direct solar radiation and must be protected against the effects of weather. In the event that installation in a location with direct solar radiation is unavoidable, it is necessary to install a shielding cover above the level meter (fig. 10).

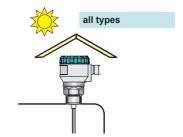


Fig. 10: Solar radiation shielding cover

OUTSIDE THE INFLUENCE OF FILLING

It is not recommend to install the level meter in or above the filling location. Measurement may
be affected by the medium flowing in rather than measuring the level of the material.

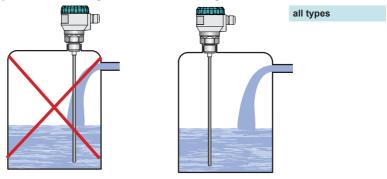


Fig. 11: Level meter installation outside the influence of filling

OBSTACLES IN THE TANK

• The level meter generates electromagnetic guided wave, which creates an electromagnetic field along the electrode. Objects placed close to the electrode disturb the electromagnetic field and thus affect the measurement. Therefore, it is determined protective zone along the electrode of radius 300 mm. The level meter is recommended to install the tank so that the items placed inside the tank (ladders, various partitions, mixers, etc.) does not intervene into the protective zone, see Fig. 12.

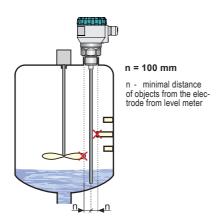


Fig. 13: Incorrect level meter installation close to obstacles

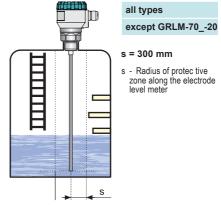


Fig. 12: Level meter installation outside obstacles in the tank

If still these objects intervene into the protective zone of the level meter, it is necessary to create a map of false reflections by activating the "TEACHING" mode (p. 19). In case of installed mixers, it is necessary to position the mixers near the level meter (turning the mixer blade to the proximity of the electrode). Items inside the tank must not be from the electrode distance of less than 100 mm, because a interference of electromagnetic field is very strong in this zone and "TEACHING" mode can not be used.

CRAMPED SPACES

For the type of level meter with reference tube electromagnetic guided wave propagates inside the reference tube. This wave is not affected by the ambient environment. So for this type of radar is not intended protective zone around the electrodes and the level meter can be used for measurements in cramped spaces.



Fig. 14: Level meter installation with reference tube in cramped spaces

HUMIDITY

- It is appropriate to lead the cable underneath the cable terminal (through the dip diagonally downwards) This will prevent potential "ingression of moisture through the cable grommet. Thereby, rain and condensing water can flow away freely, fig. 15.
- · The cable bushing and connector have to be sufficiently tightened to prevent penetration of Fig. 15: Prevention to avoid intrusion of humidity humidity.

all types

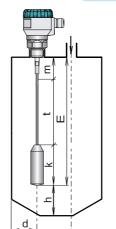


through cable gland

DEEP TANKS AND SILOS

- · For installation of the level meter with rope electrode into deep tanks and silos the length of the electrode must be selected so that the weight will be below the minimum measured level, see Fig. 16.
- The distance the electrode from the tank wall must be at least 300 mm. Otherwise, the level meter install as far as possible from the walls, to the middle between the wall and the vertical inlet, see Fig. 16. It must be ensured that the rope electrode could not touch the vessel wall caused by the motion of the medium.
- Ensure that the maximum tensile load on the rope of the electrode is not exceeded. Its value is specified in chapter "Technical parameters". A large load could result in the rope tearing. The tensile load depends on the height and shape of the tank, the thickness and adhesion of the measured medium and the tank emptying speed.

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- E = m + t + z
- E The length of rope electrode
- t Measuring range m - Dead zone
- k The lengt of weight (110 mm)
- d The distance from the tank wall min, 300 mm
- h The distance from the bottom (see. Tab. page 8)

Fig. 16: Level meter installation with the rope electrode

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ROPE ELECTRODE WITH ANCHORAGE

- It is recommended to install rope electrodes with anchoring into deep tanks and silos according to pic. 17, the so-called anchoring rope is located closer to the centre of the silo than the position of the level meter housing. This type of installation reduces the effects of lateral pressure of the medium on the rope electrode of the level meter.
- In case of anchoring we recommend the sag of rope electrode p minimal 1 cm per 1 m of the rope length.



Rope electrode level meter must untangle and then can be inserted into the tank.

DEPOSITS ON THE ELECTRODE

 Deposits, layers and sediments on the electrode may distort measurement and reduce the permeability of the electromagnetic wave propagated along the electrode.

GRLM-70 -33.35 Ш

Fig. 17: Recommended Level meter installation with anchorage

GRLM-70_-00

VARIANT WITHOUT ELECTRODE

Type of level meter without electrode is supplied without an electrode. It is therefore necessary to a customer to mount his own made measuring electrode. The diameter of the electrode must be between 8-10 mm. For a connection it is necessary that on the electrode is made M8 thread. The connection procedure is given in Sec. 12 page. 26.



For the type of level GRLM-70_-00 manufacturer is not responsible for failures related to the mounted measuring electrode.

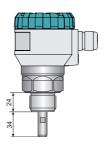


Fig. 18: Level meter without electrode

7. ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

The level meter is connected to consequential (evaluating) device with a suitable cable with the outer diameter of 6 to 8 mm using screw terminals located under the display module. The recommended cross section of cores for the current version $2 \times 0.5 \div 0.75$ mm² and for the version with Modbus communication $2 \times 2 \times 0.25$ mm² (twisted pair, shielded). Plus pole (+U) is connected to the terminal (+), minus pole (0 V) to the terminal (-) and the shielding (only for shielded cables) to the terminal ($\frac{1}{2}$). Communication wires A and B of the line RS-485 (for version "M" - Modbus) are connected to the terminals A and B.

Procedure to connect the cable to the level meter:

- 1. Unscrew the nut of the upper transparent lid.
- 2. Take the upper edge of the display module and take it out carefully by mild swinging up.
- If you cannot grasp the module, you can use a small screwdriver. Insert it as far as the seam and use from several sides to slightly lift the module.
- 4. Release the cable outlet and thread the stripped supply cable in.
- 5. Connect the cable to the screw terminals according to the diagram in Fig. 20 or 22. Firmly tighten the terminals and the cable outlet. Tightening torque see. Technical parameters p. 32.
- 6. If the level meter with Modbus is involved as a terminal for RS-485, we recommend (to avoid reflections on the line) to connect 120Ω termination resistor. This is done by moving a small lever of the switch marked 120Ω to the ON position. On the level meters connected to the line RS-485 as an intermediate device, the termination resistors are not connected (switch remains off) in Fig 23.
- 7. Insert the display module back into the head so that the connector is properly connected.
- 8. Slide silicone seal on the thread of the level meter body, then tighten the nut of the upper lid. Connect the cable to consequential device.

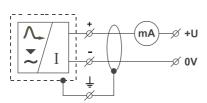


Fig. 19: Wiring diagram of the level meter with current output GRLM-70 _-_- I

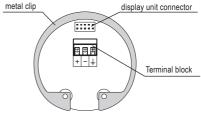


Fig. 20: Inside view of screw terminals of the level meter with current output GRLM-70_-_--I

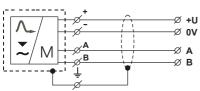


Fig. 21: Wiring diagram of the level meter with Modbus GRLM-70 - - - M

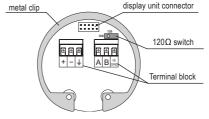


Fig. 22: Inside view of screw terminals of the level meter with Modbus GRLM-70_-_-_-M

Data connection RS-485:

Maximum distance of the module from the continuous line (length of T segment) is 3 m (fig. 23).

At the end units, it is necessary to connect terminating resistors Rz 120 Ω , whilst the terminating resistors must not be connected on the continuous units(fig. 23).

The cable must be a shielded twisted pair with a core cross-section of $0.35 ... 0.8 \text{ mm}^2$ with an impedance of approximately 120 Ω .

The cable shielding is connected to a shielding clamp on the connector of line RS485 and is connected with the clamp of the PE switchboard (direct grounding) only at a single point.

In the event that the RS-485 line is lead outside of one lighting arrester, it is necessary to protect it via suitable overvoltage protection.

In the event of communication problems caused by strong interference, it is appropriate to install the system inside a metal switchboard and to install the strong interference sources (e.g. frequency converters) away from this switchboard.

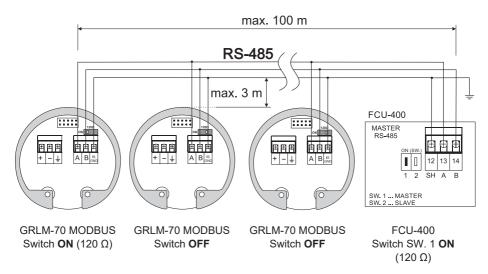


Fig. 23: Connection of multiple units via RS485 to a network



Electrical connection can only be made when de-energized!

The source of the power voltage must comprise of a stabilised safe low power source with galvanic separation. In the event that a switch-mode power supply is used, it is essential that its construction effectively suppresses common mode interference on the secondary side. In the event that the switch-mode power supply is equipped with a PE safety terminal, it must be unconditionally grounded! Spark-safe devices type GRLM-70Xi(XiT) must be powered from a spark-safe power source meeting the above-mentioned requirements.



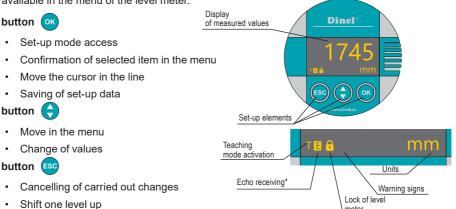
Due to the possible occurrence of an electrostatic charge on the non-conductive parts of the sensor, it is necessary to ground all sensors intended for use in environments with an explosion hazard GRLM-70Xi(XiT) and GRLM-70Xd(XdT). This can be performed by grounding el. conductive tanks or el. conductive tank lids, and in the case of el. non-conductive tanks using and grounding an auxiliary plate electrode PDE-27.

In the event that the sensor is installed in an outdoor environment at a distance greater than 20 m from the outdoor switchboard, or from an enclosed building, it is necessary to supplement the electrical cable leading to the sensor with suitable overvoltage protection.

In the event of strong ambient electromagnetic interference, paralleling of conductors with power distribution, or for distribution to distances over 30 m, we recommend grounding the level meter (see above) and using a shielded cable. Ground the shielding of the cable on the side of the power supply, or the shielding is possible to connect only on inside pin of the level meter marked $\frac{1}{2}$ see fig. 20 and 22 (the shielding of the cable is always connected in a single location).

8. CONTROL ELEMENTS

Settings are performed using 3 buttons located on the display module DM-70. All the settings are available in the menu of the level meter





Level meter GRLM-70_-_-_-L is supplied without the display module (display) DM-70. To setup the level meter, it is necessary to connect a display module to it (or it can be configured via HART or MODBUS). When the settings are completed, the display module may be disconnected and the level meter then measures without it.

^{*} Slow flashing while the reflected signal (echo) is received from the measured level.

9. SETTINGS

The level meter is manually controlled using 3 buttons located on the removable display module DM-70 (see chapter Control elements, pg. 16).

The text "SAVED" at the bottom of the display indicates that the values have been saved. Values not confirmed by pressing button will not be saved! After 5 minutes of inactivity, the level meter automatically switches back to the measuring mode. If the password is activated, the level meter will also lock itself. Once it is locked, it is not possible to make any changes to the settings. When any editing is attempted, the display will show the text "NO PASSWORD". The unlocking procedure is described on pg. 23.





After connecting the supply voltage, the display of the level meter will show the manufacturer's logo and the text "Starting" (approx. 30 s). Then the level meter switches to the measuring mode and the display shows the current measured value.

With the Modbus output variant, it is possible to setup the level meter using two-way communication via an industrial RS–485 bus with Modbus RTU protocol. The list of the respective registers is provided in a separate annex. The application "Basic SCADA level" can be used to setup the level meter and to collect measured data, and is freely available at the website www.dinel.cz.

9.1. BASIC SETTINGS

After the first start of the level meter it is necessary to perform the basic configuration (setting of the measuring range, choice of units, possibly damping, sensitivity and teaching). The settings are accessible in the basic menu by pressing the "BASIC SETTINGS".



MIN LEVEL and MAX LEVEL

Here it is possible to freely define the **minimum / maximum distance of the level** (item "LEVEL" for currents 4 mA / 20 mA), to which a value can subsequently be assigned on the display in item "DISPLAY". Measuring units are set in the "UNITS" menu.



ACTUAL: actual distance to level

OUTPUT: current 4 mA / 20 mA

LEVEL: defining the min/max distance of the level meter from the surface level

DISPLAY: the value showed on the display

If in the bottom of the display appears (when entering the values) the inscription "OUT OF LIMITS", the value specified for the item "LEVEL" is outside the measuring range of the level meter. If the inscription "SPAN TOO SMALL" is shown, it must be specified a larger span between Min and Max values. For more information, see chapter "Specifications".

The decimal point position of the item 'LEVEL' is firmly set (according to the selected units), in the item "DISPLAY" it is freely adjustable.

- 1. To enter to the menu press on the same button to select "BASIC SETTINGS". Then, using and select "MIN LEVEL" or "MAX LEVEL".
- 2. Now it is shown the item "MIN LEVEL" ("MAX LEVEL"). By pressing on and set the output current "OUTPUT", the distance for the defined current "LEVEL" the value on the display "DISPLAY".
- 3. By pressing on button save the data. By next presses of the button leave the menu. The level meter returns to measurement mode.

UNITS

Level meter can process and convert a large number of different **physical values**. The setting is done in the item "UNITS".



LEVEL: Unit selection (mm. cm. m. in. ft)

DISPLAY: The unit showed on the display

(%, mm, cm, m, in, ft, I, hl, m3, gal,

bbl, mA)

- To enter to the menu press on the same button to select "BASIC SETTINGS". Then, using and on select "UNITS".
- 2. Now the menu item "UNITS" is shown. By pressing the on and button make the settings of individual items.
- 3. By pressing button save the data. By next presses of the button level meter returns to measurement mode.

DAMPING

Setting the **response time** of the measurements. The function is useful for suppressing level fluctuations, waves and rapid changes of the level. The reaction time will depend on the exponential function. Damping with a defined delay in seconds represents the time when exponential reaches 2/3 of its maximum value.



The damping time can be set in the interval from 0 to 99 s.

- 1. To enter to the menu press on the same button to select "BASIC SETTINGS". Then, using and on select "DAMPING".
- Now the menu item "DAMPING" is shown. By pressing the and button make the settings
 of individual items.
- 3. By pressing on button save the data. By next presses of the button to leave the menu. The level meter returns to measurement mode.

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SENSITIVITY

Sensitivity level meter is defined in four steps. Three steps are basic sensitivity and fourth step contains user options.

STEP 1 - ..LOW" - Low sensitivity in case of surrounding interferences affecting the measurement. STEP 3 Medium sensitivity (suitable for most applications). - "MEDIUM" STEP 5 - "HIGH" Enhanced sensitivity for measured mediums partly absorbing the guided wave (foams) STEP 1 - 8 - ..USER" - user freely adjustable sensitivity in eight steps You can set the sensitivity in four degrees: LOW (1) MEDIUM (3) HIGH (5) USER (1 - 8)

- 1. Pressing the button is for enter the menu, press the same button to select the item "BASIC SETTINGS". Then by pressing the buttons and is selected the item "SENSITIVITY".
- 2. Using the buttons on and set the proper sensitivity.
- 3. After switching the sensitivity to step "USER", the user can move through different (eight) levels of sensitivity by pressing ().
- 4. After completion of setting pressing of the button saves the setting. Continue by pressing to exit a menu and the level meter returns to the measuring mode.
- <u>(i)</u>

Sensitivity steps 6-8 are highly sensitive, so use them only in exceptional cases for media with a low dielectric constant, or after consultation with the manufacturer.



Table of recommended sensitivity according to rel. permittivity of the medium is given on page 37.

TEACHING

The mode serves for **suppressing false reflections** resulting from reflection of the guided wave from roughnesses on walls of the tank, various partitions, mixers, other obstacles, or if distance electrode from the wall of tank is lower than 300 mm. The sensor starting this mode detects false reflections and save them in the memory. Then these false reflections will not affect the subsequent measurement (they are masked).



- 1. To enter to the menu press on the same button to select "BASIC SETTINGS". Then, using and on select "TEACHING".
- 2. Now the menu item "TEACHING" is shown. After pressing the button of you are asked if you are sure to run the "TEACHING" procedure. By pressing of button the system starts "teaching" (false reflection mapping). During the mapping, the display shows flashing sign "RUNNING".
- 3. The procedure is completely finished when you can see the inscription "DONE". It is then possible to exit the menu by repeated pressing the button (sso).



Before starting the mode, it is necessary to completely empty the tank!

In case of installed mixers, it is **necessary** to position the mixers near the level meter (turning the mixer blade to the proximity of the electrode).

Note: If there are significant obstacles in the upper half of the tank, **multiple false reflections** can occur especially in closed tanks.

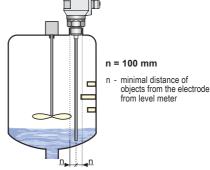


Fig. 24: Turning the mixer blade to the proximity of the electrode before activation "Teaching" mode

9.2. SERVICE SETTINGS

In the supplemented configuration, you can set parameters of sensitivity, mapping of false reflections, temperature difference compensation, behaviour in case of fault conditions or HART® communication. Here, you can set the sensor into the initial state or reset it as well. The settings are accessible in the basic menu under the item "SERVICE".



ELECTRODE

Setting the **electrode length and type** The function is used in the case where the length (e.g. electrode is shortened) or the type (replacement of a rod electrode with a rope electrode) of an electrode changes.

The length of the electrode can be changed on types: 10, 13, 30, 33, 34 and 35

The electrode type can be changed on types: 10, 30, 33, 34 and 35.

Types 11, 12, 20 and 32 cannot be changed. On type 13, only the electrode length can be changed.



Before setting of the length and type of the electrode it is first necessary to empty the tank in which the level meter is placed, since in this tank will be necessary to run the procedure "TEACHING"

First the electrode type is confirmed (check that the confirmed electrode type complies with the actually installed type of measuring electrode). Then the function "MANUALLY" is selected and the actual electrode **length** is entered on the display or the "AUTO DETECTION" function is selected and the level meter measures the electrode length itself

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There are 5 options for the electrode type:

$$10 - 30 - 33 - 34 - 35$$

The electrode length can be entered in two ways:

MANUALLY - AUTO DETECTION.



The function of Autodetection can only be used for electrodes longer than 1000 mm.



The procedure for replacing or shortening the electrode is given in chapter 12. on page 27. In case of confusion, contact the manufacturer.



In the event that the electrode type and length settings are made away from the tank, it is necessary, before starting the setting process, to place a metal plate with a diameter greater than 200 mm in the location of the process connection of the level meter. The metal plate must be in contact with the thread stop of the level meter.

FAILURE MODE

It defines the output current of the level meter in case of echo loss ("NO ECHO").



NO ECHO: Current in case of echo loss

The values can be set in five steps: 3,75 mA – 4 mA – 20 mA – 22 mA – LAST (last measured data).

HART

This item is a part of the level meter with a ULM-70_-_-I current output. Settings for HART® protocol (point to point, multidrop) and addresses for the multidrop mode. In multidrop mode, up to 15 devices can be connected to a single two wire cable.



In the case of address "00", the *point to point* mode is activated. The range "01" to "15" is reserved for addresses in the *multidrop* mode (current is fixed at 4 mA).

MODBUS

This item is part of a menu with Modbus output level meter GRLM-70 _-_- M. Modbus mode is intended for the settings of the level Modbus addresses, baud rate and parity settings



ADDRESS: 1 to 247 (default 1)

BAUD RATE: 4800, 9600, 19200 (default 9600)

FORMAT: 8N1, 8O1, 8E1, 8N2 (default 8N1)

FORMAT: _____ ___ number of stop bits: 1, 2

_____ parita: N - non parity
O - odd parity
E - even parity

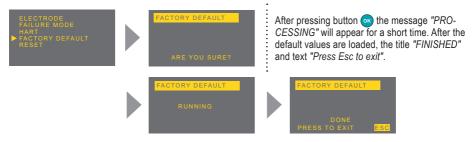
data: 8 - number of bits

FACTORY DEFAULT

Load the factory default settings to the level meter. They are loaded by pressing button ox



The default settings table is provided on pg. 36.



RESET

Complete restart of the level meter. The same effect has also a short-time interruption of the supply voltage. To enable the resetting, press the button or .



During the restart process, "RUNNING" will be displayed. Then the level meter will be automatically turned off and on.

9.3. Additional functions

Additional functions include modes for copying settings or diagnostics. Furthermore, password protected editing, language mutations, and level meter version information (of the display module). All these functions are accessible from the main menu.

DIAGNOSTIC

Here there are the items DISTANCE TO LEVEL and CURRENT. Upon entry to item DISTANCE TO LEVEL, the current distance to the surface level of the medium will be shown. The item CURRENT contains information about the actual value of current flowing through the loop. It can be used, for example, to check the setting of a connected evaluation device or for diagnosing potential problems with level measurement



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CLONE SETTINGS

This mode is intended for **copying** of the level meter (GRLM–70 body) **configuration into the display module** (DM–70) and back. The display module can then be removed from the level meter body and put into another level meter and make there the settings transfer (cloning).

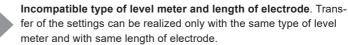
BASIC SETTINGS SERVICE DIAGNOSTIC CLONE SETTINGS PASSWORD LANGUAGE INFO

The "CLONE SETTINGS" mode transfers all data, excluding setting of the "Teaching" and HART®.



- Press on to enter the menu and select the item "CLONE SETTINGS". Copying of the settings
 from the body of the level meter to display module is done by selecting "SENSOR → DISPLAY
 MODULE". To transfer the settings from the display module to another level meter select the item
 DISPLAY MODULE → SENSOR.
- 2. The selected mode starts by pressing button ox During transmission the display shows "NOW CLONING".
- After completing the process in the middle of the screen displays "DONE". It is then possible to leave the menu and the mode by pressing the button (so).







The data set **is not stored into the display module** (DM-70). The transfer can not be done. It is necessary to repeat the procedure of the copying the settings in the mode "CLONE SETTINGS".

PASSWORD

You can lock the level meter data against unauthorized editing. After activating the password the data may be read, but can not be edited. If you try to edit the settings (without true password) the display shows "NO PASSWORD".

The password can be any 5-digit numeric combination. The combination of numbers 00000 is reserved for disabling the password.

- 1. Use the buttons on and in the menu "PASSWORD" to select the mode "ENTER" for entering the password or the mode "CHANGE" for changing the password (when activated, the words are displayed inversely). Press the button on once again to confirm the selection. You can change the password only when the level meter is unlocked. Otherwise, the words "NO PASSWORD" will be displayed.
- Now you can edit the password. The actual edited item is displayed inversely. Press the button to move to the next position (clockwise direction), button serves to change the values (0 ... 9).
- 3. After the operation is completed, confirm the edited data by pressing the button or .

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Display of status information to confirm data:

"YES" - correctly edited password

"NO" - incorrectly edited password

"OK" – the password saved (only in case of "CHANGE")

The password is automatically hidden after it is edited or changed ("00000" will appear).

To deactivate the password, edit the numerical combination "00000" in the mode "CHANGE".



If the password is lost, contact the manufacturer.



The level meter with activated password will be automatically locked after 5 minutes of inactivity or after 5 min. from switching to measuring mode. Locking of level meter is indicated in the lower left corner of the screen by the symbol .

LANGUAGE

Setting the language of display menu.

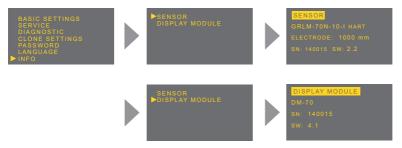


You can set three kinds of language:

ČESKY – ENGLISH – по русски

INFO

Information about the type, serial number and production date of the level meter (type, serial number – SN and firmware version – SW).



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10. HART® communication Protocol

Universal communication interface for data communication of peripheral devices with the level meter. Data transmission runs through the same line as the $4 \div 20$ mA current loop without impact on analog communication. For setting the level meter and collection of measured data, it is necessary to have available a HART communicator, by which it is possible to communicate directly with the level meter, or using it, to mediate communication with a peripheral device, see image 25.

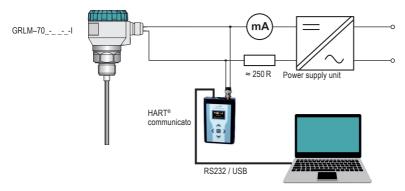


Fig. 25 Typical hardware configuration with HART

HART Specifications

The version of the HART Protocol is revision 5.

Universal Commands: 0, 1, 2, 3, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 a

Commons Practice Commands: 34, 35, 40, 42, 44, 49.

11. PROTOCOL MODBUS®

Universal communication interface for communication between peripheral devices and the level meter. Data communication takes place along a series line of a standard RS-485 with protocol Modbus RTU. A list of relevant variables is provided in a separate annex. To set up the level meter and collect measured data, you can use the software application "Basic SCADA level", which is freely available at the Website www.dinel.cz. Connecting the level meter to a peripheral device can be performed using a converter URC-485, see image 26.

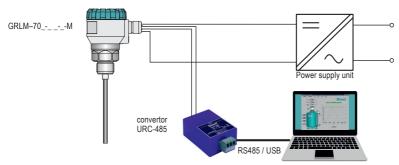


Fig. 26: Typical hardware configuration with Modbus®

12. THE INSTALLATION OF THE CUSTOM MEASURING ELECTRODE, EXCHANGE OR SHORTENING OF THE ELECTRODE

The installation of the custom measuring electrode, - applies to type 00

- Create your own electrode as shown on Fig. 27 The length of the electrode must be about 7 mm shorter than the dimension "E" in figure 27. The material of the electrode is recommended to be used stainless steel type 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti) or similar depending on the application.
- 2. Apply glue intended for securing threaded junctions (the amount of adhesive is determined by its manufacturer) on to the thread of the prepared electrode produced according to drawing (see pic. 27). The glue used must meet certain criteria depending on the application, e.g. resistance against high temperatures, corrosion, chemicals or must have a permit, e.g. for use in food processing.
- Screw the electrode using suitable pliers or a spanner (on the side of the electrode) and a flat spanner 10 mm (on the side of the electrode holder) firmly into the electrode holder.
- Let the glued junction to harden, as recommended by the glue manufacturer, then the level meter is ready for installation.
- After an installation into an empty tank, set a new level meter electrode type and the length - see Chap. 9.2. ELECTRODE
- If necessary, enter a new range of level measurement see Chap. 9.1. MIN / MAX LEVEL.

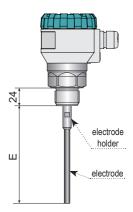


Fig. 27: Drawing of the level meter with size "E"

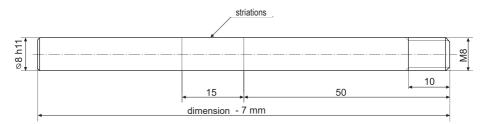


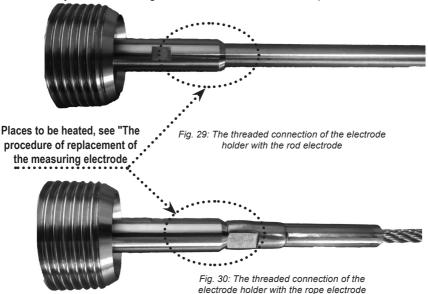
Fig. 28: The drawing of the measuring electrode marked with the threaded connection and grooving

The procedure of replacement of the measure electrode - only to versions 10, 13, 30, 33, 34, 35

- 1. Heat the junction place (threaded connection) of the electrode and the electrode holder (see Fig. 29 and 30) using a heat gun at about 120-150 °C (or 220-250 °C for high temperature version).
- Unscrew the electrode using suitable pliers (for rod electrodes) or flat spanner 7 mm (in case of rope electrode) and a flat spanner 10 mm (on the side of the electrode holder) away from the electrode holder.
- Apply the glue for securing of threaded fasteners (glue quantity specified by the manufacturer) to the thread of the new electrode. The used glue must meet the requirements depend on the specific application, for example: withstanding high temperatures, corrosive chemicals, resp. contact with food.

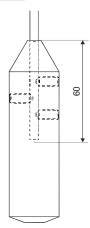
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- 4. Screw the electrode using suitable pliers or a spanner (on the side of the electrode) and a flat spanner 10 mm (on the side of the electrode holder) firmly into the electrode holder.
- 5. Let the glued junction to harden, as recommended by the glue manufacturer, then the level meter is ready for installation.
- After an installation into an empty tank, set a new level meter electrode type and the length see Chap. 9.2. ELECTRODE
- 7. If necessary, enter a new range of level measurement see Chap. 9.1. MIN / MAX LEVEL.



Shortening of the measuring electrode - only to versions 10, 13, 30, 33, 34, 35

- If necessary, remove the rod or rope electrode from the electrode holder - see points 1 and 2 of "The procedure of replacement of the measuring electrode"
- 2. Shorten the rod electrode by means of a suitable metal saw and file the end of the electrode. The length of this electrode must be 7 mm shorter than dimension "E" in pic. 28. At the rope electrode, it is necessary to loosen three fastening screws on the ballast and to pull out the end of the cable, see fig. 31. Make sure that the cable length is correct after shortening the cable is suspended in the ballast up to a distance of approximately 60 mm. Ideally, shorten the cable using diagonal cutting pliers. Be careful to prevent the end of the cable from fraying.
- 3. In the case of a cable coated with polyamide (types 34 and 35), this insulation must be removed at the end of the cable to a distance of 60 mm so that the end of the cable can be inserted back into the ballast.
- 4. Insert the end of the cable back into the ballast and secure it in place by tightening all three screws.
- 5. If you unmounted the electrode from the electrode holder, re-assemble Fig. 31: Scheme of the them see paragraphs 3 to 7 of "The procedure of replacement of the weight for the rope measuring electrode"

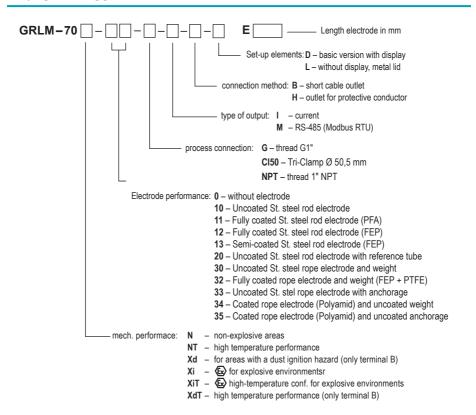


13. Function and status indication

displej	function
symbol "T" 1)	Lighting permanently – "TEACHING" mode activation.
symbol "E" 1)	Lighting intermittently – correct echo receiving (of the reflected signal) from the measured surface level.
symbol [1)	Lighting permanently – level meter is locked against unauthorized settings by a password. You must enter the correct password to unlock it.
"NO ECHO"	Lighting intermittently – the level meter is not able to receive echo for a long time. Incorrect installation of the level meter.
"NO PASSWORD"	It will appear in the item "MENU" – the level meter is protected using a password against unauthorised setting. Enter the correct password.
"LOW POWER"	Low supply voltage level meter

¹⁾ symbol appears in the lower left corner of the display

14. ORDER CODE



15. CORRECT SPECIFICATION EXAMPLES

GRLM-70N-10-G-I-B-D E1000

(N) Performance for non-explosive areas; (10) Uncoated St. steel rod electrode; (G) Output type thread G1"; (I) Type of output current; (B) Connection method short cable outlet; (D) Set-up elements basic version with display; Length electrode 1 000 m.

GRLM-70Xi-12-G-I-H-L E1000

(Xi) Explosive environments performance; (12) Fully coated St. steel rod electrode (FEP); (G) Output type thread G1"; (I) Type of output current; (H) Connection method outlet for protective conductor; (L) Set-up elements without display, metal lid; Length electrode; Length electrode; Length electrode 1 000 m.

16. Accessories

standard - included in the level meter price

 1x of seal (asbestos free), other seals (PTFE, Al, etc.)

optional - for a surcharge

(see catalogue sheet of accessories)

- Fixing steinless steel nuts G1"
- steel welding flange ON-G1"
- stainless steel welding flange NN–G1"

17. SAFETY, PROTECTIONS, COMPATIBILITY AND EXPLOSION PROOF

The level meter is equipped with protection against electric shock on the electrode, reverse polarity, output current overload, short circuit and against current overload on output.

Protection against dangerous contact is provided by low safety voltage according to EN 33 2000-4-41 (SELV). Electromagnetic compatibility is provided by conformity with standards EN 5501 (B), EN 61326-1, EN 61000-4-2 (A, 30kV), EN 61000-4-3 (A, 10kV), EN 61000-4-4 (A, 2kV), EN 61000-4-5 (A, 2kV), EN 61000-4-6 (A, 10kV).

Explosion proof GRLM–70Xi(XiT) is provided by conformity with standards EN 60079-0:2013; EN 60079-11:2012 and EN 60079-26:2007. Explosion proof GRLM–70Xi(XiT) is verified FTZÚ – AO 210 Ostrava – Radvanice: FTZÚ 13 ATEX 0212X.

Explosion proof GRLM-70Xd(XdT) is provided by conformity with standards EN 60079- 0:2013; EN 60079-31:2014. Explosion proof GRLM-70Xd(XdT) is verified FTZÚ – AO 210 Ostrava – Radvanice: FTZÚ 15 ATEX 0207X.

A declaration of conformity was issued for this device in the wording of Act No. 90/2016 Coll., as amended. Supplied electrical equipment matches the requirements of valid European directives for safety and electromagnetic compatibility.

Special conditions for safe use of variants GRLM-70Xi(XiT)

Level meters GRLM-70Xi (XiT) are designed for connection to intrinsically safe circuits with galvanic isolation. If you use the device without galvanic isolation (Zener barriers) it is necessary to offset a potential between the sensor and the grounding point of the barriers.

Maximum output parameters of intrinsically safe units must correspond with limit input parameters of the level meter. In the evaluation of intrinsic safety of the circuit must be taken into account the

parameters of the connected cable (especially its inductance and capacitance).

The electrode part of the GRLM-70Xi (XiT) can be placed in zone 0, the body with electronics can be placed in zone 1.

Special conditions for safe use of variants GRLM-70Xd(XdT)

Ambient temperature of housing Ta: -30°C to +70°C. Maximum surface temperature – see annex on page 35. When is used variant with sight glass cover, the housing shall be protected against direct sunlight. The electrode part of the GRLM-70Xd(XdT) can be placed in zone 20, the body with electronics can be placed in zone 21.

18. Use, Manipulation and Maintenance

The level meter does not require any personnel for its operation. Follow-up displaying device is used to inform the technological entity operating personnel on the measured substance level height during the operation and in the location of the level meter display.

Maintenance of this equipment consists in verification of integrity of the level meter and of the supply cable. Depending on the character of the substance measured, we recommend to verify at least once per year the measuring electrode of the radar level meter. In case any visible defects are discovered, the manufacturer or reseller of this equipment must be contacted immediately.



The level meter must be installed to prevent tensile overload of the rope electrode, see Technical parameters.



It is forbidden to perform any modifications or interventions into the GRLM–70 level meter without manufacturer's approval. Potential repairs must be carried out by the manufacturer or by a manufacturer authorized service organization only.Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the GRLM–70 level meter has to be carried out in accordance with this instruction manual; the provisions of regulations in force regarding the installation of electrical equipment have to be adhered to.

19. GENERAL, CONDITIONS AND WARRANTY

Dinel, s.r.o. guarantees for the period of three (3) years that the product has the characteristics as mentioned in the technical specification.

Dinel, s.r.o. is liable for defects ascertained within the warranty period and were claimed in writing.

This guarantee does not cover the damages resulting from misuse, improper installation or incorrect maintenance.

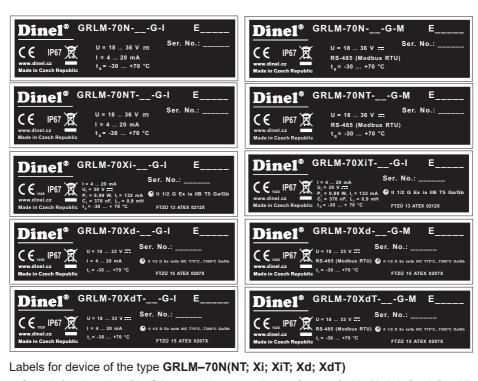
This guarantee ceases when the user or the other person makes any changes on the product or the product is mechanically or chemically damaged, or the serial number is not readable.

The warranty certificate must be presented to exercise a claim.

In the case of a rightful complaint, we will replace the product or its defective part. In both cases, the warranty period is extended by the period of repair.

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20. MARKING OF LABELS



- Symbol of producer: logo Dinel[®]; Internet address: www.dinel.cz; Country of origin: Made in Czech Republic
- · Level meter type:

GRLM-70N_-__-G-I E_____, nebo GRLM-70N_-__-G-M E_____

Supply voltage: U = 18...36 V=

Output current range: I=4 ...20 mA, or data communication RS-485 (Modbus RTU)

GRLM-70Xi_-__-G-I E____

Output current range: I=4 ... 20 mA

Limit operating parameters: U_i = 30 V =, I_i = 132 mA; P_i = 0,99 W; C_i = 370 nF; L_i = 0,9 mH

Label of non-explosive device: ⟨ Performance: II 1/2 G Ex ia IIB T5 Ga/Gb

Number of certificate of intrinsically safety: FTZÚ 13 ATEX 0212X

GRLM-70Xd_-__-G-I E_____ GRLM-70Xd_-__-G-M E_____

Supply voltage: U = 18...33 V =

Output current range: I=4 ... 20 mA, or communication: RS-485 (Modbus RTU)

Label of non-explosive device: (Performance: II 1/2 D Ex ta/tb IIIC T75°C...T300°C Da/Db

Number of certificate of intrinsically safety: FTZÚ 15 ATEX 0207X

- Ambient temperature range: t = -30 ... +70 °C
- Serial number: Ser. No.: _____ (from the left: production year, serial production number)
- · Protection class: IP67
- Compliance mark: € , No. of authorized person examining control of system quality: 1026
- Electro-waste take-back system mark:
- (<u>i</u>)

Size of labels 70 x 20 mm, the size shown does not correspond to reality.

21. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TECHNICAL SPECIFICA	ATIONS- LEVEL METER		
Supply voltage	GRLM–70N(T)– GRLM–70Xi(T)– GRLM–70Xd(T)–	18 36 V DC 18 30 V DC 18 33 V DC	
Output	GRLM-70I GRLM-70M	4 20 mA, HART® RS-485 with Modbus RTU	
Current consumption	GRLM-70I GRLM-70M	4 20 mA / max. 22 mA typ. 10 mA / max. 30 mA	
	eflector) 1 – 0,2 m / 0,2 – 2,0 m / 2,0 – 40 m · 0,2 m / 0,2 – 2,0 m / 2,0 – 40 m	± 5 mm / ± 3 mm / ± 2 mm ± 10 mm / ± 4 mm / ± 2 mm	
Error of current output 7)		max. 80 μA	
Resolution		1 mm	
Maximal length of measuring	electrode GRLM-7010, 13 GRLM-7011 (12) GRLM-7020 GRLM-7030 (33,34,35) GRLM-7032	8 m 2 m 3 m 40 m 12 m	
- measur. ser - measur. ser	nsitivity: low, medium, user (1 - 4) nsitivity: high, user (5) nsitivity: user (6, 7) nsitivity: user (8)	100 mm / 0 mm ³⁾ 150 mm / 50 mm ³⁾ 200 mm / 50 mm ³⁾ 250 mm / 50 mm ³⁾	
Adjustable measuring range	min. 200 mm		
Electrical parameters for varian	U _i =30 V DC; I _i =132 mA; P _i =0,99W; C _i =370 nF; L _i =0,9 mH		
Measurement sensitivity (8 d	egrees)	low (1) - medium (3) - high (5) - user (1 - 8)	
Failure indication (echo loss)	adjustable in modes:	3,75 mA, 4 mA, 20 mA, 22 mA, LAST ⁴⁾	
Damping		1 99 s	
Rise time		cca 60 s	
Leakage resistance electrode	e - housing	10 kΩ	
Coupling capacity (housing -	power) / dielectric strength	5 nF / 500 V AC	
Maximal resistance of curren - 24V DC / 22V DC / 20V DC	t output load R _{max} for voltage	270 Ω / 180 Ω / 90 Ω 5)	
Maximum tensile strength of	the rope electrode	1400 kg	
Tightening torque of cable gla	and GRLM-70N(NT,Xi,XiT) GRLM-70Xd(XdT)	3 Nm (plastic) 7 Nm (steel)	
Protection class		IP67	
Process connection		screwing with thread G1"	
Recommended cablel	GRLM–70_–I GRLM–70_–M	PVC 2 x 0,75 mm ² PVC 2 x 2 x 0,25 mm ² (twisted pair, shielded)	
Weight (without electrode)		cca 0,5 kg (1 kg variant T)	
31		GRLM-70 © Dinel, s.r.o.	

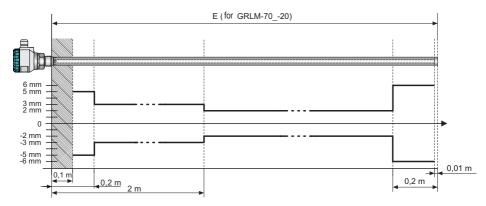


Fig. 32: The graph of the measurement errors along the rod electrode with reference tube

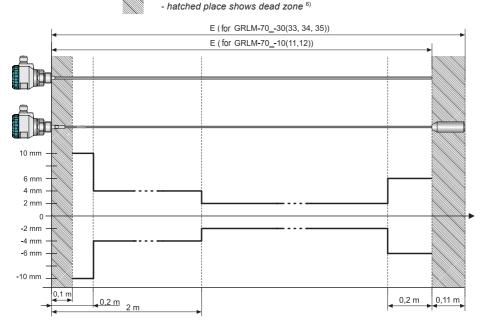


Fig. 33: The graph of the measurement errors along the rod and wire electrode

- hatched place shows dead zone 6)

- 1) Error is +/- 6 mm in the area 200 mm from the end of the rod electrode or from the end of the rope electrode without ballast, see graphs in pic. 32 and 33.
- 2) Dead zone = blind zone = blocking distance from the start and at the end of the electrode.
- 3) Size of the dead zone at the start / end of the rod electrode. The size of the dead zone at the end of the rope electrode is always 110 mm (area of the ballast).
- 4) Upon outage of the echo, the display shows the last measured value and current is maintained at the last valid value.
- 5) Including resistor 250R with connection with HART.
- 6) Hatched field applies for measurement sensitivity setting low (1), medium (3), or user (1 4). When the measurement sensitivity setting is high (5), or user (5 8), the dead zone is extended at the beginning and at the end of the electrode, see Basic technical parameters (pg. 32).
- 7) This error can only be utilised in the current output configuration. Data outputs (HART, MODBUS) are not affected by this error.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS – DISPLAY MODUL			
Type of display	matrix OLED		
Resolution	128 x 64 pixels		
Height of digits / Number of display digits of measured values	9 mm / 5 digits		
Colour of display	yellow		
Type of buttons	membrane		
Ambient temperature range	-30 +70°C		
Weight	46 g		

USED MATERIALS					
Sensor part	Variants	Standard material			
Lid	All types	aluminium with powder coating			
Glass	All types	polycarbonate			
Body	All types	aluminium with powder coating			
Housing with thread All types		St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti)			
Electrode	GRLM-7010(11,13,20) GRLM-7012 GRLM-7030(32,33,34,35)	St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti) St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4301 (AISI 304) St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4404 (AISI 316 L)			
Electrode coating	GRLM-7011 GRLM-7012, 13 GRLM-7032 GRLM-7034, 35	PFA FEP FEP PA			
Reference tube	GRLM-7020	St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4301 (AISI 304)			
Weight	GRLM-7030	St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4301 (AISI 304)			
Weight coating	GRLM-7032	PTFE			
Anchorage GRLM-7033		St. Steel W. Nr. 1.4401 (AISI 316)			
Display module All types		plastic material POM			
Cable gland	GRLM-70N(NT, Xi, XiT) GRLM-70Xd(XdT)	plastic - polyamide metal - nickel-plated brass			

DEVICE CLASSIFICATION (according to EN 60079-10-1 and EN 60079-10-2)				
Level meter performance	Type of electrode	Device classification		
GRLM-70N	All types	Basic performance for non-explosive atmospheres.		
GRLM-70NT	All types	High-temperature basic performance for non-explosive atmospheres (max. 200°C).		
GRLM-70Xi(XiT)	00,10,11,12,13 20,30,32,33	Intrinsically safe performance (high-temperature) for use in hazardous areas (explosive gas atmospheres), Il 1/2 G Ex ia IIB T5 Ga/Gb with intrinsically safe supply units, electrode part zone 0, housing with electronics zone 1, see Fig. 34.		
GRLM-70Xd(XdT)	00,10,30,33, 34,35	Performance (high-temperature) is protected by "Ex t" lock for hazardous areas (flammable dust areas), &II 1/2 D Ex ta/tb IIIC T75°CT300°C Da/Db, electrode part zone 20, housing with electronics zone 21 see Pic. 34.		
T. Control of the Con				

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TEMPERATURE AND PRESSURE RESISTIVITY					
Variant narformana	temperature tm to	temperature tp	temperature ta	Max. operation pressure for temp. tp	
Variant performance				to 30°C	to 85°C
GRLM-70N(Xi,Xd)-10(20)	-40°C +300°C	-40°C +85°C	-30°C +70°C	15 MPa	10 MPa
GRIM-70N(Xi)-11(12,13)	-40°C +200°C	-40°C +85°C	-30°C +70°C	4 MPa	2,5 MPa
GRLM-70N(Xi,Xd)-30(33)	-40°C +200°C	-40°C +85°C	-30°C +70°C	15 MPa	10 MPa
GRLM-70N(Xi)-32	-40°C +130°C	-40°C +85°C	-30°C +70°C	1 MPa	0,5 MPa
GRLM-70N(Xd)-34(35)	-40°C +95°C	-40°C +85°C	-30°C +70°C	15 MPa	10 MPa

TEMPERATURE RESISTIVITY (high-temperature performance)				
Variant performance	temperature tm	temperature tp	temperature ta	
GRLM-70NT(XiT,XdT)-10(20)	-40°C +300°C	-40°C +200°C	-30°C +70°C	
GRIM-70NT(XiT)-11(12,13)	-40°C +200°C	-40°C +200°C	-30°C +70°C	
GRLM-70NT(XiT,XdT)-30(33)	-40°C +200°C	-40°C +130°C	-30°C +70°C	
GRLM-70NT(XiT)-32	-40°C +130°C	-40°C +130°C	-30°C +70°C	
GRLM-70NT(XdT)-34(35)	-40°C +95°C	-40°C +130°C	-30°C +70°C	

Note.: For correct function of the level meter must not be exceeded any of the temperature range (tp, tm or ta).

Maximal temperatures for performance Xi(XiT) category 1/2G				
temp. class (El. device of the group II)	temperature tm	temperature tp	temperature ta	
T5 (100 °C)	-40°C +98°C	-40°C +90°C	-30°C +70°C	
T4 (135 °C)	-40°C +133°C	-40°C +125°C	-30°C +70°C	
T3 (200°C)	-40°C +198°C	-40°C +190°C	-30°C +70°C	
T2 (300°C)	-40°C +298°C	-40°C +200°C	-30°C +70°C	
T1 (450°C)	-40°C +300°C	-40°C +200°C	-30°C +70°C	

MAXIMUM SURFACE TEMPERATURE OF THE DEVICE CONFIGURATION XD(XDT) KATEGORIE 1/2D			
variant	device surface temperature		
All variants	in the place of the housing with electronics: in process connection: on the electrode:	ambient temperature ta +5°C max. equal to temperature tp max equal to temperature tm	

PRESSURE RESISTIVITYT (high-temperature performance)					
Variant performance	Max. operation pressure for temp. tp				
	do 30°C	do 85°C	do 130°C	do 160°C	do 200°C
GRLM-70NT(XiT,XdT)-10(20)	15 MPa	10 MPa	3 MPa	2 MPa	1 MPa
GRIM-70NT(XiT)-11(12,13)	4 MPa	2,5 MPa	2 MPa	1,5 MPa	0,3 MPa
GRLM-70NT(XiT,XdT)-30(33,34,35)	15 MPa	10 MPa	3 MPa	-	-
GRLM-70NT(XiT)-32	1 MPa	0,5 MPa	0,1 MPa	-	-

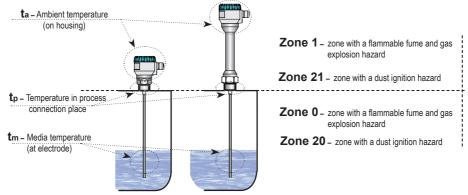


Fig. 34: Places for measurement of temperature and explosive areas

The maximum allowable temperature of the medium, process connection and ambient temperature depends in GRLM-70Xi (XiT) at the desired temperature class (see tab. Maximum temperatures for the performance Xi (XiT) category 1/2G and tab.). Maximal surface temperature at GRLM-70Xd(XdT) depends on ambient temperature, medium operating temperature and own warming device (see tab. Device surface temperature for performance Xd(XdT) category 1/2 D). The temperature value can not be exceeded, because the hot surface of the device could cause ignition of an explosive or flammable atmosphere. At the same time can not exceed the maximum temperature for the different variants of the electrodes (Table of temperature durability).

FACTORY DEFAULT				
GRLM-70				
MIN LEVEL (Distance to min. level)	according to the length of the rod (rope) electrode			
MAX LEVEL (Distance to max. level)	100 mm			
UNITS	mm; %; °C			
DAMPING 2				
SENSITIVITY	MEDIUM			
MEDIUM	LIQUID			
FAILURE MODE – NO ECHO	4,00 mA			
POOLING ADDRESS (HART®)	00			
PASSWORD	No password			
Version with communication HART				
ADDRESS DEVICE 0				
Version with communication MODBUS				
ADDRESS DEVICE	1			
BAUD RATE	9 600			
ARITY NONE + 1 STOP Bit				

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RECOMMENDED SENSITIVITY DEPENDING ON THE DIELECTRIC CONSTANT OF THE MEDIUM

Помиосо	Compitivity	Rel. permittivity of the medium		
Degrees	Sensitivity	for length of electrode to 20 m	for length of electrode over 20 m	
8!	USER (extreme)	≥ 1,8	≥ 2	
7!	USER (extreme)	≥ 1,9	≥ 4	
6!	USER (extreme)	≥ 2	≥ 6	
5	HIGH	≥ 3	≥ 8	
4	USER	≥ 4	≥ 10	
3	MEDIUM	≥ 6	≥ 13	
2	USER	≥ 8	≥ 16	
1	LOW	≥ 10	≥ 20	



In the event that the measured medium is el. conductive (water, water solutions), then it is recommended to set sensitivity to level 1 - LOW.

22. PACKINGS, SHIPPING AND STORAGE

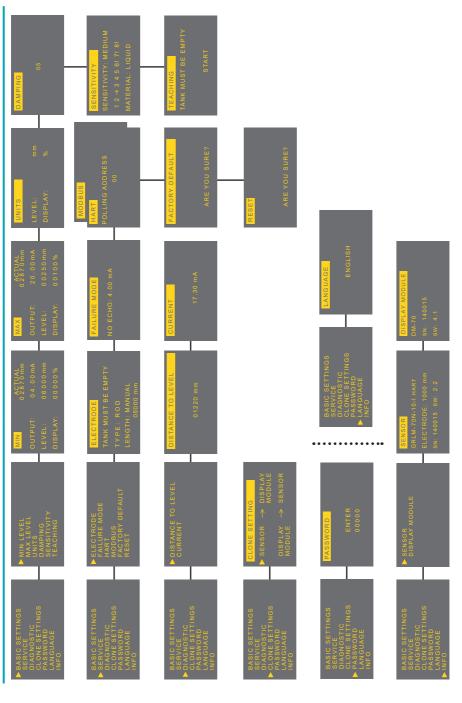
The device GRLM-70 is packaged in a polyethylene bag, and the entire consignment is placed into a cardboard box. A suitable filler material is used in the cardboard box to prevent mechanical damage during transport. Remove the device from the packaging only just before using, thereby protecting it from potential damage.

A forwarding company will be used to ship goods to the customer. Upon prior agreement, ordered goods can be picked up in person at company headquarters. When receiving, please check to see that the consignment is complete and matches the order, or to see if any damage has occurred to the packaging and device during transport. Do not use a device clearly damaged during transport, but rather contact the manufacturer in order to resolve the situation.

If the device is to be further shipped, it must be wrapped in its original packaging and protected against impact and weather conditions.

Store the device in its original packaging in dry areas covered from weather conditions, with humidity of up to 85 % without effects of chemically active substances. The storage temperature range is -10 °C to +50 °C.

23. Menu structure





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www.dinel.cz

valid for firmware version: level meter 2.7 and higher display module 4.9 a higher

Find the updated version at www.dinel.cz version: 12/2017



